

## Laxmikant V. Kale Research Accomplishments in Perspective

My research has centered upon parallel computing, and more specifically on improving (computer) performance and (human) productivity in parallel programming. My choice of specific research topics and strategies is guided by the following (admittedly subjective) axioms.

- The research must be Computer Science centered yet application oriented[83]. Centering one's research on a particular application will typically not lead to development of enabling technologies, applicable across a broad variety of applications. At the same time, without application orientation, one is in danger of developing tools and techniques that aren't useful to real applications. Using application benchmarks to demonstrate CS techniques isn't enough. So, one should develop core "enabling technologies" while focusing on full-fledged "real" applications, via intensely collaborative interdisciplinary research.
- As the systems area of computer science is an engineering discipline, it is necessary to embody the techniques developed as part of our research into reusable software, and to make such software available to other researchers/practitioners.

Consequently, my research has focused on developing the *middle layers* of enabling technologies, with portability and data driven execution as the underlying themes, with dynamic and irregular applications and environments as the context, and with performance, scalability, and ease of programming as the objectives. The following paragraphs summarize components of my past and ongoing research.

**Portability:** In 1986-87, when the *chare kernel* [127, 128, 129, 130] (predecessor to *Charm*) was being designed with the objective of providing portability, it was deemed an unrealistic objective, especially portability across shared and distributed memory machines. Such portability is now passe.

**Data driven objects:** Data-driven execution ideas were at the basis of data-flow machines proposed in the '70s. Software-based data driven execution was used in several research projects, including Rediflow (parallel functional languages), our own research [131] on parallel prolog and Agha's elaboration of Hewitt's Actor model. Chare kernel was one of the first pragmatic (e.g. C based) data-driven (active) object based system; [127, 128, 129, 130] it was available on most parallel machines of the day including workstation networks. [98] Other parallel object systems in that timeframe include ABCL, ORCA, PC++, and UC++. One of the first parallel implementations of Actors (HAL, Houck and Agha, ICPP '92) was developed on top of Charm. The performance and modularity benefits of data driven execution were systematically studied and demonstrated by us [132, 84, 80, 87]. We've continued to elaborate and develop the Charm++ parallel object model, which is at the foundation of much of our research. Beyond data driven objects themselves, Charm++ concepts include object groups, information sharing abstractions,[90] object-placement based load balancing [133] and

prioritized scheduling[85]. A more recent addition is object arrays [74, 61]. Charm++ has been used extensively for developing applications by us and others. Especially notable is a series of results in parallel VLSI CAD applications obtained by Bannerjee and Ramkumar using Charm.

**Run-time systems and multi-paradigm interoperability:** It is difficult to persuade broad developer community to switch to a new paradigm (such as Charm++). Further, different paradigms may be appropriate for different components of a single application. We developed the Converse runtime framework [76, 66] to address these issues. Converse provides interoperability between multiple data-driven and multithreaded paradigms as well as with traditional message passing paradigms. Converse is a component based architecture, with components encapsulating commonly needed runtime functionalities. As a result, to develop a portable run-time library for a new paradigm on top of Converse becomes extremely easy. We implemented more than ten such (interoperable) libraries, representing several parallel programming languages and paradigms [66, 75].

**Performance analysis and visualization tools:** A parallel object language such as Charm++ provides a wealth of information to the runtime system about the behavior of the application program. Exploiting this, we developed performance visualization and automatic performance analysis techniques that can identify performance hurdles in an application [95, 69]. Going a step further, we developed closed-loop techniques [72, 73] that analyze the performance data from one run to generate a “hints” database that is utilized by subsequent runs (or iterations) to improve performance.

**Parallel molecular dynamics:** A large fraction of my research effort during the past few years was devoted to a collaborative project [134, 135, 10] aimed at developing a scalable and efficient parallel molecular dynamics program. The resultant program, NAMD [8], is a production quality program used to produce over a dozen published results in biophysics. It is written using Charm++, and uses Converse [63] to interoperate with libraries written in other languages. We believe it is the fastest parallel molecular dynamics program (speedup of 180 on 220 processors, not surpassed by any other production quality program). Although it has required significant effort on our part to support the nitty-gritty of a real application, it has also been a wellspring of ideas for Computer Science research.

**Migrating objects and threads:** To deal with unpredictable dynamic behavior of many applications, it is necessary to adaptively move an appropriate fraction of work away from overloaded processors. Charm++ objects provide a potential mechanism for this purpose. We’ve developed a framework that supports object migration, as well as thread migration.

**Dynamic and irregular applications in science and engineering:** We are developing a broad “multi-domain partitioning” approach for such applications, based on objects and the migration framework. Strategies for detecting application-induced imbalances, and adaptively reacting to them to restore efficiency are being developed [126]. Consistent with our philosophy, these are being tested on applications in biophysics [65], rocket simulation, and solidification of metals, in collaborative projects. We expect the resultant framework to be a broadly applicable “enabling technology”.

**Cluster computing:** From early versions of Charm [130], we have targeted workstation clusters for parallel computing. Technological advances in recent years have given a new fillip to this area [62]. Based on the object migration framework, we have developed strategies [61] for dealing with extraneous load imbalances generated in a time shared cluster.

**State-space search/non-numeric computations:** One of the early successes of our parallel object methodology was in the area of state-space search. Based on the ideas of fine-grain prioritization, and scalable load balancing, we've obtained strong results [89] in state space search for any one solution (which was a very difficult problem), iterative deepening, branch and bound [85], and so on.

**Web based interactive parallel programs:** We have developed a client-server interface that allows parallel programs to interact with outside world. Building on this, we have developed a web interface [136, ?] that allows one to attach to running parallel programs from a browser anywhere, monitor its performance, debug it, and interact with it.

The citations numbers above refer to the publication list in the resume. Further information about these topics can be obtained from <http://charm.cs.uiuc.edu>

## Publications by (overlapping) categories

**Parallel Objects and Processor Virtualization:** [129] [11] [4] [8] [128] [133] [137] [138] [130] [98] [95] [139] [132] [84] [90] [83][80] [79] [74] [72] [73] [69] [87] [70] [68] [61]

**Intelligent Runtime Systems:** [129] [63] [7] [8] [130] [98] [76] [75] [71] [66] [64]

**Parallel Programming Tools:** [95] [69] [136] [?]

**Cluster Computing:** [130] [61] [62]

**Molecular Dynamics:** [134] [135] [10] [63] [7] [8] [140] [66] [64] [65] [62]

### Science and Engineering Applications

**Parallel Prolog:** [141] [142] [143] [144] [145] [146] [147] [148] [149] [150] [151] [152] [153] [138] [154] [155] [156] [97]

**Non-numeric (Symbolic) Computations:** [141] [157] [158] [159] [131] [160] [161] [162] [85]

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### **Software developed and distributed via the web**

- Charm++ : parallel object language, as a C++ library
- Converse: Portable parallel runtime framework:
- NAMD: Parallel Molecular Dynamics program (available from : <http://ks.uiuc.edu>).
- Master-slave library, with a sophisticated load balancer.
- mdPerl: parallel Perl based on Converse
- Tempo: message passing with user level threads.

- Generic branch-and-bound : A C++ class library that supports template based implementation of the parallel branch and bound algorithm, on top of Charm++ with prioritized load balancing.
- A “standard library” of parallel components, built on top of Converse, and Charm++; In progress.

All the above software, except NAMD, is distributed from <http://charm.cs.uiuc.edu>.